Amesbury Rural District Council.

Medical Officer's Annual Report for the Year 1937.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit to you my 18th Annual Report on the Public Health and Sanitary Administration of your District.

I am endeavouring to follow out the lines suggested in circular 1,650 issued by the Ministry of Health to you in October 1937. As modern Public Health matters are mostly under the control of the County Councils, this report must necessarily be confined mainly to statistics and sanitary administration, as only those matters with which you are concerned are dealt with.

I have the honour to remain,
Your obedient servant,

A. H. WILSON,

18 Victoria Road, Salisbury.

Medical Officer of Health.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Population—Census 1931: 16,883 Population—Estimated Mid 1937—17,600 Area, 63,464 Acres Rateable Value: £92,259 Sum represented by Penny Rate: £376

Number of Inhabited Houses as shown by Rate Books end of 1937, 3,043

Births, 1937. Male. Female.	Total.			Birth	Rate,	1937.		3	Englan	d and	Wales	
Live 151 174	325 (7]	[llegitima	te)	Live		18.4		Live			14.9	
Still 2 0	2 (0	,,)	Still		0.1		Still			0.6	
	1936	1935	1934	1933	1932	19	31	1930	19	29	1 928	
Birth Rate	18.1	17.6	17.9	18.8	20.2	20).4	18.8	19	9.3	19.6	
England and Wales	14.8	14.7	14.8	14.4	15.3	18	5.8	16.3	16	.3	16.7	
Deaths: Males, 78. Females, 55.	Total, 133											
· ·	•											
1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	19	32	1931	1930	19	29	1928	
Death Rate 9.6	9.9	9.1	9.1	8.4	7.	1 1	10.9	8.6	9.	.66	6.08	
England and Wales 12.4	12.1	11.7	11.8	12.3	12.		2.3	11.4	13.		11.17	
Number of deaths of infants under	r one year o	or age: M	tates o.	remale	es z.	rotai,	/ (THe	gitima	te U)			
		1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	1932	1931	1930	1929	1928	
Infantile Mortality Rate (per 1,000)	Live Births)	21.5	19.4	38.5	48	51.1	34.4	66.6	57.4	50.4	38.8	
England and Wales		5 8	59	57	59	64	65	66	60	74	65	
Deaths from Measles (all ages),		^	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
,, Whooping Cough (al		•	0	$\dot{2}$	Õ	Ö	0	ì	ō	ì		
Diarrhoea (under tw		ŏ	ő	ī	ŏ	ĭ	ĭ	0	ĭ	3	$rac{1}{2}$	
No. of Women dying in consequence				•		-	-		•		_	
Child Birth		0	2	0	1	0	2	1	0	5	2	

The comparability factor this year for death rate is given as 1.29.

The District is chiefly agricultural in character. The chief industrial undertaking is that of Messrs. Heavers Ltd., Coach Builders, Durrington. There are small undertakings which come under the heading of factories owing to the employment of mechanical power. These are the Electric Light Station at Amesbury, Builders at Durrington, and a Laundry at Shrewton.

Although the district is agricultural in character, a large proportion of the inhabitants are employed in the Military Camps at Larkhill, Bulford and Porton and the Royal Air Force Camps at Boscombe Down and Figheldean.

NAMES AND QUALIFICATIONS OF SANITARY INSPECTORS.

- C. Laidman, M.S.I.A., A.R.S.I., Cert. Meat Insp., Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor.
- F. Walls, Cert. R.S.I. and S.I.E.J.B. Additional Sanitary Inspector.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

				Total Cas	ses	Cases adm	nitt e d	Total
Disease.				notified	•	to Hospi	tal.	deaths.
Scarlet Fever		0-0	•-•	 31		23	(1 Mil.)	0
Diphtheria				 12		12	(1 Mil.)	0
Puerperal Pyrexia	a	•-•		 0		0	` ′	0
Puerperal Fever				 0		0		0
Pneumonia		• • •		 13	(5 Mil.)	5	(5 Mil.)	0
Erysipelas				 3	(1 Mil.)	1	(1 Mil.)	0
Ophthalmia Neor	atora	m		 0	, , ,	0	,	0
Cerebro Spinal Fo	ever			 1		1		0
Malaria				 2	(Mil.)	2	(Mil.)	0

TUBERCULOSIS.

					ew Cases.				eaths.	
			Pulm	onary.	Non-Pul	monary.	Pul	monary.	Non-F	ulmonary.
			Μ.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.
0	+	~	_	_	_	_	_	-	—	_
1	• ••	•	_	_	3	—	-		_	
5	•-•		_		1	1	_	_	<u> </u>	
10	•••	00	_		-	_	_	_		_
15		• - •	2 (1 1		1 (Mil.)	—	1	_	_	
20	• •		1 (M	il.) 4	<u> </u>	_		1		
20 25 35	• •		5 (2 1		—	_	_	—		—
35			2 (1 1)	/Iil.) —	· —	_	1	_	_	_
45	• •	•		—		_		—		
55	• •	• • •	-			—	_	-	_	_
65 and	up	• •		-	-					
	Total	•-•	10	8	5	1	2	1	0	0

No action was taken by me with regard to Tuberculosis employees in the Milk trade. No action was taken by the Council under Sec. 62 P.H.A., 1925.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Scarlet Fever. 31 cases were notified during the year but they were only sporadic cases with, on several occasions, two or three in one family, and in no instance did the disease become epidemic. They were usually of a mild type and in one or two cases the diagnosis was even doubtful.

Diphtheria. 12 cases were notified and sent to Hospital and in addition 3 cases were sent to Hospital which turned out not to be diphtheria. Owing to the fact that early diagnosis is very essential to the ultimate success of treatment and the prevention death this is an unpreventable occurrance and is one which should be encouraged. 4 of the 12 cases were in one house and two in another.

Pneumonia. 13 cases were notified to me, of these 5 were among the military, and it was only these which were treated in hospital. None of the notified cases died, but two females and one male which had not been previously notified to me died. The Registrar-General in his returns gives 7 males and 2 females as dying from this disease, but as he includes all kinds and only two kinds are notifiable this accounts for the difference.

Cerebro-Spinal Fever, The one case notified was in a child of a soldier age nine months, and as this was treated by the military I have no details.

Malaria. These two cases were in soldiers and the disease was contracted abroad.

Erysipelas. Of the 3 cases notified 1 was in a soldier and calls for no comment.

Tuberculosis. 20 cases of pulmonary tuberculosis and 6 of non-pulmonary were notified during the year, and during the same period two male and one female deaths occurred.

WATER SUPPLY.

Amesbury Parish. The Amesbury Main Water Supply has again proved highly satisfactory. Further repairs have been carried to valves, hydrants and other fittings.

16 connections were made to the mains to supply 31 new houses, 1 bakehouse, and 1 new garage for the Wilts & Dorset Motors Ltd.

Analysis done in 1937 showed the water to be a pure one.

Chemical.				Parts per 100,000
Reaction I	P.H. 7.3	3		 Alkaline to Litmus
Saline and Free Ammo	onia	•••		 Nil
Organic (or "albumino	id'') am	monia		 0.001
Oxygen absorbed from	perman	g. in 2 hr	s. at 27° C.	 0.003
Chlorides	·	•	`	 1.8
Nitrogen as Nitrates	•••			 I.
Total Hardness	•••			 32.
(a) Temporary	•••	•••	•••	 22.
(b) Permanent				 Io.
Poisonous Metals				 Nil
Nitrates	•••			 Nil .
Microscopical Examina	ation of	the Sedin	nent	 Nil

Bacteriological Examination.

Total Colonies growing at 37° C in 48 hours 3 per 1 c.c. of water. Number of Coli-Aerogenes organisms Nil per 100 c.c. of water.

Chemical and Bacteriological Examinations show this to be a pure water; it is suitable for drinking purposes Several subsequent bacteriological examinations gave sterile results.

Cholderton Parish. The Parish of Cholderton is supplied by the Cholderton Water Company. The supply is from 2 wells, storage being by 4 tanks, the aggregate capacity being 500,000 gallons. 53 houses are connected to this supply in the Amesbury Rural District and various parishes in the Andover Rural District (Hampshire) are also supplied.

Bulford and Durrington Parishes. These parishes are supplied by the Main Scheme which was put into operation in 1934. The majority of the houses are connected to the mains and the supply is very satisfactory. 26 connections were made to the mains to supply 34 new houses and 11 existing houses.

A sample taken in 1937 showed the water to be pure.

Chemical.					Parts per 100,000	
Re-action P.H.	7.6			A	lkaline to Litmus	
Saline and Free Ammon	ia				Nil	
Organic (or "albuminoid	'') An	ımonia			0.001	
Oxygen absorbed from p	ermar	iganate (2	hours at	27° C.)	0.018	
Chlorides		•••		•••	2.4	
Nitrogen as Nitrates					ı.	
Total Hardness		•••			39.	
(a) Temporary		•••			31.	
(b) Permanent			•••		8.	
Poisonous Metals				•••	Nil	
Nitrites	•••	•••			Nil	
Microscopical examination	on of t	he Sedime	ent	•••	Nil	

Bacteriological.

Total Colonies growing at 37° C. in 48 hours 3 per 1 c.c. of water. Number of Coli-aerogenes organisms Nil per 100 c.c. of water.

Opinion. Both Chemical and Bacteriological Examinations show this to be a pure water; it is suitable for drinking purposes.

Several subsequent Bacteriological Examinations gave sterile results.

Parishes of Lake and Woodford. A portion of the Parish of Woodford, known as Upper Woodford, is supplied by Lake House Estate. The scheme comprises a 30ft. bore hole, electric pumps and a 10,000 gallon reservoir. This supplies some 24 cottages, 3 large houses and 3 farms.

The Village of Lake is also supplied by the Lake House Supply, which consists of a bore-hole, electrically operated pumps, and a 15,000 gallon reservoir near Hill Plantation. This supplies the whole of the village of Lake, including Lake House.

Shrewton Parish. Some progress has been made in connection with the Water Supply Scheme for this Parish, although it has not progressed as quickly as I anticipated in my last report. The bore hole has been sunk to a depth of 150 feet. The pumping test over a period of 13 days at the rate of 7,500 to 10,000 gallons per hour proved satisfactory. A sample of water taken on completion of the pumping test proved fairly satisfactory, but a further sample is to be taken when the permanent pumping plant has been installed.

Tenders for the main work have (May, 1938) been considered by the Council.

Tilshead Parish. The Supply from the War Department to 2 stand-pipes in the village continues to prove satisfactory, and insures a constant supply to this village.

Generally. The remaining parishes derive their water supply from wells, a large number of which are shallow and therefore may be regarded with suspicion.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

Amesbury Parish. The parish of Amesbury is the only one in the district which has the advantage of a scheme of sewerage and sewage disposal. The scheme continues to work efficiently. Samples of the effluent which is discharged into the River Avon have been taken and proved satisfactory.

During the past year a humus tank and effluent channelling has been added to the works, thus releasing the irrigation land, which has been a source of trouble for some time. This land has now been set out and let to inhabitants of Amesbury as Allotments.

Various lengths of sewers in Amesbury now need scraping and cleaning, and this work is to be put in hand at an early date.

Durrington Parish. The Sanitary conditions in this parish are in the same unsatisfactory condition as mentioned in my last Report. A scheme of sewerage and sewage disposal was prepared by your Engineers some considerable time ago and negotiations commenced for the acquisition of a site for the outfall works. The acquisition of a suitable site has unfortunately delayed the progress of the scheme. Two sites have been considered, but purchase was not completed owing to certain difficulties. A third site has now been considered, and I hope this will be acquired at an early date and the scheme proceeded with.

REFUSE COLLECTION.

A scheme of central refuse collection of house refuse was put into operation on the 1st April, 1937. The refuse from the Parishes of Amesbury, Durrington, Bulford and Shrewton is collected once weekly, and the refuse from the remaining parishes being collected once fortnightly. A refuse destructor was installed at Boscombe Down to deal with a portion of the refuse collected, the remainder being dumped on the old dump at Amesbury.

Approximately 1,300 tons or refuse have been collected from April 1st to the end of December. The unsatisfactory dumps in a number of parishes have been tidied and covered, and I am pleased to report that from a public health point of view the scheme is a vast improvement on the old method of indiscriminate dumping.

The Council is now (May, 1938) considering the provision of a further refuse destructor to deal with the whole of the refuse of the district, and when this is complete the whole of the refuse should be dealt with satisfactorily.

Night Soil. A weekly collection by contract is carried out in Durrington and Bulford.

RIVERS POLLUTION PREVENTION ACT.

The pollution of rivers has received attention. Great care has been taken to ensure a good effluent from the Amesbury Sewage Disposal Works. Samples of this effluent are taken by the County Medical Officer of Health's Department, and these have proved satisfactory.

In the Winterbourne Valley cases of pollution by house drainage discharging directly nito the river have been found, and these have received the necessary attention.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.

Conversion from Pail Closet to E.C. Apart from the Parish of Amesbury, the majority of closets are pail closets There have been no conversions from pails to E.C.'s.

Conversion from E.C. to W.C. In the Parish of Amesbury 5 pail closets have been converted to W.C's.

Number of new connections of W.C's. to the Amesbury sewers is 15; this number being in respect of 29 new houses and 2 existing houses.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT.

The tables show that the Sanitary Inspection of the district has been thoroughly carried out. A total of 979 inspections have been recorded. In addition to this number, many routine inspections have been made. The necessary action has been taken where defects have been found, and in no case has it been necessary to resort to Statutory action.

The inspection of Cowsheds and Dairies has received particular attention, and although the standard is generally

Remedied

satisfactory, 23 defects were found and by the end of the year 14 of these were remedied.

							Kemedied
	No. of	No. of	Informal	Statutory	Remedied	Remedied	after verbal
	Inspection	s. Defects.	Notices.	Notices.	by 3.	by 4 .	instructions
	•				•	· ·	only
	l	2	3	4	5	6	7
Nuisances	143	41	2 8		20	_	10
Slaughterhouses	3 m M	3	1		1		2
Knacker's Yards	13	_			_	_	
Places where food is pr	epared 33	2	2		_	_	2
Cowsheds	1	20	14		3.7		
Dairies and Milkstores	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \\ \cdot \cdot \end{array}\right\}$ 445	23	14		11		3
Tents, Vans, Sheds, etc.		3	2	_	2	_	1
Bakehouses	1. 24	1			_		ī
Butchers' Shops	130	5					4
_							
Totals	979	78	48	0	34	0	2 3
,, [,, (,, (Mholesale Produc Retail Purveyors Certificates issued Certificates issued e number of Cows	registered (193 (Producers) d (Retailers) du	37) luring 1937	0-0 0-1			93 48 00
Meat and Other Foo	ds.						
Number of	Registered Slaug	hter-houses	•••		. • •		4
	Licensed Slaught						4
Notices rece	ived of Regular	Slaughter					7
Notices rece	eived of Casual S	laughter			•••		1 3

SHOPS ACT, 1934.

Only I case of contravention of the above Act has been found, this being lack of sanitary accommodation. This was remedied by informal action.

SWIMMING POOLS.

There are no Public Swimming Pools constructed as such in this district. Public bathing is carried on extensively in the River Avon, especially in the parishes of Amesbury and Durrington. No samples from these parts of the River have been taken.

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS.

One case of infestation of a house by bugs occurred at Tilshead in a Council house; this was dealt with by the Sanitary Inspector and the infestation removed.

HOUSING.

Housing by private enterprise has continued to be very satisfactory. 90 plans were submitted during the year, including plans for 265 houses, 19 alterations and additions to houses, 9 garages and 9 other buildings. Plans for 108 houses were disapproved, including two lay-out plans for 79 and 23 houses respectively. Plans were submitted for 53 Council houses as follows:

8 houses Winterbourne Gunner.

12 ,, Holders Road, Amesbury.

8 ,, Tilshead.

11 ,, Cold Harbour, Amesbury.

14 ,, Durrington.

The clearance and re-building at Cold Harbour has been completed during the year. The 11 houses occupied by persons displaced in the Clearance Area.

Re-building in the Parish of Durrington has commenced and houses will be ready in the early months of 1938.

In connection with your Council's programme under the Housing Acts, 1930-1936, 29 houses have been demolished, displacing 98 persons, 18 have been made fit for human habitation, 3 have been put out of use for human habitation, and there now remains 33 houses to be dealt with.

The Council now owns 313 houses as set out below, and in addition 48 are now under construction (May, 1938).

AMESBURY			60 no	on-parlo	ır type	TILSHEAD	•••	•••	6	,,	,,
			22 pa	arlour ty	pe	MIDDLE WOO	DFORD		4	,,	,,
			3 no	on-parlo	ır type	UPPER WOOD	FORD	•••	2	,,	,,
			8	,,	,,	WINTERBOUR	NE				
ALLINGTON	• • •		4 no	on-parlo	ır type	GUNNER	•••	•••	20	,,	,,
BULFORD			24	,,	,,	WINTERBOUR	NE				
BOSCOMBE			8	,,	,,	DAUNTSEY	•••	•••	6	"	,,
CHOLDERTON		• • •	8	,,	,,						
DURNFORD			4		,,	T	nder Co	netri	etion		
DOLLET CALL			-	2.2	,,	·	muci oc	TISOT (tonon.		
DURRINGTON				arlour ty	• •	_				n parlo	ır tımo
			12 pa		pe	DURRINGTON		•••	14 no	n-parlou	ır type
			12 pa	arlour ty on-parlou	pe ir type	DURRINGTON AMESBURY	•••		14 no	n-parlou ,,	ır type
DURRINGTON FIGHELDEAN			12 pa 68 no 4	arlour ty on-parlou ,,	pe ir type	DURRINGTON	•••	•••	14 no	•	0.1
DURRINGTON FIGHELDEAN IDMISTON			12 pa 68 no 4 6	arlour ty on-parlou	pe ir type	DURRINGTON AMESBURY	•••		14 no	,,	,,
DURRINGTON FIGHELDEAN IDMISTON NEWTON TON			12 pa 68 no 4 6 8	arlour ty on-parlou ,,	pe ir type	DURRINGTON AMESBURY WINTERBOUN IDMISTON	 E		14 no 12 8	"	"
DURRINGTON FIGHELDEAN IDMISTON			12 pa 68 no 4 6	arlour ty on-parlou ,,	pe ir type ,,	DURRINGTON AMESBURY WINTERBOUN	 E	•••	14 no 12 8 6	"	"
DURRINGTON FIGHELDEAN IDMISTON NEWTON TON	 EY		12 pa 68 no 4 6 8	arlour ty on-parlou ,, ,,	pe ir type ,, ,,	DURRINGTON AMESBURY WINTERBOUN IDMISTON	 E		14 no 12 8 6	"	"

HOUSING ACTS, 1909—1936.

Statement of Work carried out during the year ended 31st December, 1937, under the above Acts, in the Amesbury Rural District.

1.	INSPECTION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE YEAR.	
	(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public	465
	Health or Housing Acts)	407 502
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose (2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were	302
	inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	198
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	209
	(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health	
	as to be unfit for human habitation	8
	(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding subhead) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	118
2.	REMEDY OF DEFECTS DURING THE YEAR WITHOUT SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES.	
	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local	43
	Authority or their Officers	40
3.	ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR:—	
	A.—Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	1
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:	
	(a) By owners	Nil Nil
		1411
	B.—Proceedings under Public Health Acts:	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	Nil
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:	
	(a) By owners	Nil
	(b) By local authority in default of owners	Nil
	C.—Proceedings under sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made (2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	17 27
		21
	D.—Proceedings under section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936	
	(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil
	(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were	
	determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	Nil
4.	HOUSING ACT, 1936, PART IV—OVERCROWDING.	
	(a) (1) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	56
	(2) Number of families dwelling therein	61
	(3) Number of persons dwelling therein	339 1
	(c) (1) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	Nil
	(2) Number of persons concerned in such cases	Nil
	(d) Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the abstraction of averaged and after the abstraction of averaged in the second of a vertical and a vertical and a second of a vertical and a second of a vertical and a ve	
	Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding. (e) Any other particulars with respect to overcrowding conditions upon which the Medical	Nil.
	Officer of Health may consider it desirable to report.	
	Conditions with regard to overcrowding are practically the same as last year.	
	Re-housing to abate overcrowding is in progress in the parishes of Amesbury, Durrington, Winterbourne and Idmiston.	

TOTAL CAUSES OF DEATH.

	Causes of Death.	M.	F.		Causes of death.		M.	F.	Causes of death. M. F.
	All Causes	78	55	18	0.13		î	î	36 Ill-defined causes
- 1	Typhoid fever. etc			19	m	•••	4	ī	Special Causes (included in
2	Measles			20	Pneumonia		7	$\bar{2}$	No. 35)
3	Scarlet fever			21	042	•••	•	-	Small nov
1	Whooping cough			22	Donati III.				
- T	D' - 1.41								
0			,	20	Diarrhœa, etc. (under				Polioencephalitis
0	Influenza		4			•••		_	Deaths of Infants under 1 year—
7	Encephalitis lethargica			24	Appendicitis	•••	1	1	Total 5 2
8	Cerebro-spinal fever			25	Cirrhosis of liver	•••			Legitimate 5 2
9	Respiratory tuberculosis	2	1	26	Other diseases of liver,				Illegitimate
10	Other tuberculous			27	Other digestive		5		Live Births
11	Syphilis			28	Nephritis		3	2	Total151 174
12	General paralysis of the			29	Puerperal sepsis				Legitimate148 170
	insane, etc			30	A				Illegitimate 3 4
13		13	8	31	Congenital causes, etc.		3	2	Stillbirths
14	D: 1 /	10	9	32	C		ĭ	ĩ	Total 9
		_	2			•••	1	1	
15	Cerebral hæmorrhage	5	8	33		•••	3	_	Legitimate 2
16	Heart disease	18	16	34		•••	4	3	Illegitimate
17	Aneurysm			35	Other defined causes	• • •	8	3	Population 17,600